## COMPLETE LISTING OF THE CLAIMS

The following lists all of the claims that are or were in the above-identified patent application. The status identifiers respectively provided in parentheses following the claim numbers indicate the current statuses of the claims.

 (Original) An image processing method comprising: analyzing a plurality of image of an object, wherein for each image, analyzing comprises:

analyzing the image of an object to identify a mark from among a plurality of marks in a background of the object;

identifying locations of a plurality of calibration points on the mark; and using the calibration points in determining camera parameters for the image;

generating a three-dimensional model of the object from the images and the camera parameters determined from the images.

- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the mark comprises a first rectangular segment having corners that are among the calibration points.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the mark further comprises a second rectangular segment.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the first and second rectangular segments make the mark L-shaped.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising setting the object in a position relative to a sheet containing the background so that the background appears in the images of the object.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein setting the object comprises setting the object on the sheet.

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- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising taking the images of the object using a camera having an unmeasured orientation relative to the object.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein for each image, the identified mark is separated from the object in the image.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein determining the camera parameters for an image comprises determining a transform from three-dimensional coordinates to two-dimensional image coordinates.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein generating the three dimensional model comprises:

identifying a silhouette of the object in a selected one of the images;

applying the transform for the selected image to three-dimensional coordinates of points from a candidate volume; and

constructing an approximate volume of the object from the points that the transform maps from the candidate volume on to the silhouette of the object in the selected image.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, further comprising:

determining whether a three-dimensional model constructed from the approximate volume is suitable; and in response to the three-dimensional model being unsuitable,

determining a transform from three-dimensional coordinates to two-dimensional image coordinates in an added image;

identifying a silhouette of the object in the added image;

applying the transform for the added image to three-dimensional coordinates of points in the approximate volume; and

refining the approximate volume of the object to contain only points that the transform for the added image maps to the silhouette of the object in the added image.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11, further comprising repeating steps listed in claim 11 until the three-dimensional model is suitable.
  - 13. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein identifying the silhouetted of the

THE PATENT LAW OFFICES OF DAVID MILLERS 6560 ASHFIELD COURT SAN JOSE, CA 95120 PHONE (408) 927-6700 FAX (408) 927-6701 object in a selected image comprises:

analyzing the image using software that distinguishes the silhouette of the object from the background; and

providing a user with a method for modifying of the silhouette as distinguished by the software.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein generating a three-dimensional model of the object constructing a mesh of polygons that approximate the surface of the object.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein generating a three-dimensional model of the object further comprises providing a user with a method for modifying the mesh.
  - 16. (Original) An image processing method comprising:

analyzing a set of images containing an object and a background to identify for each image a silhouette of an object and locations in the image of pattern points in the background;

for each image, using the locations of the pattern points to determine a transform from three-dimensional coordinates to two-dimensional coordinates in the image;

transforming three-dimensional coordinates of a set of points in a candidate volume to the two-dimensional coordinates of a first of the images; and

identify an approximate volume of the object as containing the points that the transform maps onto the silhouette of the object in the first of the images.

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16, further comprising using the points in the approximate volume to construct a mesh of polygons that collectively approximate the surface of the object.
- 18. (Original) The method of claim 17, further comprising mapping a texture from the images to the polygons.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 16, further generating the candidate volume using the transform and silhouette for a second of the images.

Claims 20-26 (Canceled)

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27. (Original) A method for constructing a three-dimensional model of an object, comprising:

analyzing a plurality of images to identify features in the images;

analyzing pairs of the images to determine for each pair a fundamental matrix that maps identified features in one image of the pair to identified features in another image of the pair;

analyzing triplets of the images to determine for each triplet a trifocal tensor; performing a projective reconstruction using the fundamental matrices and the trifocal tensors to construct a first model of the object;

performing a metric reconstruction using the fundamental matrices to construct a second model of the object; and

determining the three-dimensional model of the object from the first and second models.

28. (Original) A reconstruction engine comprising:

a silhouette extraction unit capable of extracting a silhouette of an object and locations of pattern marks from an image;

a volume generator that receives the location of the pattern marks in an image and determines a transform for the image and determines three-dimensional coordinates of points on a surface of the object from the transform and the silhouettes; and

a reconstruction unit that constructs a three-dimensional model of the object from the three-dimensional coordinates of the points on the surface of the object.

29. (Original) The reconstruction engine of claim 28, wherein the silhouette extraction unit and the volume generator are software.

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